

LA REVISTA DE TAOS AND TAOS CRESSET

JOSE MONTANER, Editor and Prop.

We own in this country three million mules, all related to Maud.

The kiwi is a bird without any wings—but he also gets there just the same.

That Pennsylvania cobbler who has inherited \$250,000 doesn't care whether he has a sole or not.

The discovery of a "use" for the termiform appendix was anticipated some time ago by the surgeons.

A Pennsylvania bride was married with frost-bitten toes. Now she will have to begin married life with cold feet.

People who think that some of our eminent financiers think of nothing but money ought to see them at a dog show.

The discovery that Maj. Gen. Gern commands a division in the Russian army may be suggestive to the bacteriologists.

A hot stove fell into the lap of a woman passenger in an Akron, O., trolley car. That was worse than a fat man.

Miss Mabel Wood Tuttle advises women to use their tongues constantly. Well, the day is only twenty-four hours long.

The chemists have succeeded in producing artificial silk. They are too late. The factories have been turning it out for years.

A New York rooster has just swallowed a \$500 diamond. He can now charge for his voice and go on the grand opera stage.

Since he learned that Carnegie got \$64 for attending the Chadwick case Russell Sage may wish that Cassie had selected his name.

Two Chinese students are to be admitted to West Point. Now we will see how strong is the anti-Chinese sentiment among the cadets.

Young Cornelius Vanderbilt is being mentioned as probable ambassador to Germany. Evidently his wife is not yet through with her mother-in-law.

Mr. Rockefeller is going to put up a \$1,000,000 house. Russell Sage will regard this as a sign that the great oil magnate must be losing his mental vigor.

Some savant has at last managed to figure out that Aphrodite was an old woman. Must have been connected with the Greek corps de ballet in some way.

The Chicago board of education is thinking about establishing a special school for wives of less than 14 years of age. We hope the attendance will not be large.

More than 100 American tourists have barely escaped death in an eruption of Mt. Vesuvius. Same old story, didn't know it was loaded and looked down the crater.

The discussion in the New York Sun of the question: "Do suckers bite?" refers to fish. The green-goods men, therefore, haven't felt called upon to take a hand in it.

The Californian who threatens to shoot on sight the man who marries his divorced wife has found a way that probably never occurred to the other divorce reformers.

At a time when a leading literary journal can hold a symposium with the hideous title of "The Slump in Poetry" it is not hard to believe that the aforesaid slump exists.

The matrimonial engagement of the German crown prince is furnishing as many good news stories as any other European political movement except the war in which Russia is engaged.

Without wishing to underrate the merits of rhinoceros meat as a table delicacy, we have no hesitation in saying that the hippopotamus looks as if its flesh would be tenderer and juicier.

That week draws nigh, that dreadful week, when feeling spring astride within her blood, the housewife drives us forth and mops and scrubs and changes things around until the house is clean.

A woman has got a verdict of \$2,300 for a kick by a horse. This may seem a good deal to the horse's owner, but comparatively few women would be willing to be kicked by a horse for that.

After having been imprisoned in a summer collar by a snow drift, for twenty-two days, a Pennsylvania cat finally came out apparently none the worse for her experience—but how she mowed for milk!

Archaeologists have unearthed documentary evidence that a certain Egyptian teacher received what amounted to \$23 for twelve months' work in the year 100. So the college professor's salary seems to have "outlived" some what, after all.

NEW MEXICO NEWS SUMMARY

Railway Plats Filed.

A Santa Fe dispatch of April 3rd says: The plats of the permanent location of the El Paso-Durango railroad from Farmington, San Juan county, to the Santa Fe Pacific railroad near Gallup, eighty-five miles, were filed today in the federal land office in this city. The following officers of the Denver & Rio Grande, who arrived in three special cars, were here on business connected with the new road: General Manager A. C. Ridgeway, General Superintendent W. Coughlin, Chief Engineer E. J. Yard, Division Engineer J. C. Balcomb, Superintendent of Bridges and Buildings J. L. Thompson and Division Superintendent W. D. Lee.

Arrangements have been made for carrying the coal of the Durango & San Juan coal fields over the Denver & Rio Grande branch now building to Farmington from Durango, over the new road to the Santa Fe system, thence to El Paso.

Acting Governor J. W. Reynolds on the 3rd inst. appointed Rev. Henry C. Pouget of Las Vegas chaplain of the First squadron of cavalry, of the New Mexico National Guard, and accepted the resignation of O. C. Nelson as second lieutenant of Company B, First Infantry, stationed at Roswell.

The Board of Osteopathy, created by the last Legislative Assembly, met recently at Santa Fe for organization. Dr. C. H. Connor of Albuquerque was elected president; Dr. Charles A. Wheeler of Santa Fe secretary and treasurer, and Dr. O. M. King of Roswell, vice president.

At the University.

Arbor Day was celebrated on the campus at the New Mexico University at Albuquerque, and it was a strenuous day, to say nothing of the presence and force of the wind. The boys and some of the men of the faculty divided up in the morning, some digging holes, others going to the river bottom to get trees. In the afternoon several dozen of trees were planted with the help of the girls, the wind assisting to blow said in the holes. After tree planting all gathered in the science hall, where the girls served an abundance of good cake and ice cream. In a sort of dinner fashion several toasts were served. Miss Cunningham was toastmaster. President Tight spoke on the value of trees to the campus. Professor Hodgkin toasted "Historical Trees," and compared trees and girls. Miss Parsons read a very neat original poem on Arbor Day. Miss Huggert also entertained the nurses and had a poem on the first Arbor Day at the university. A game of base ball was played between the faculty, students and the wind. The wind and the students came out ahead with a pretty good score. The faculty was somewhat crippled because of a failure to play good enough ball to become victors.

Charged With Mail Offenses.

An Albuquerque dispatch of April 3rd says: L. R. Knowles is in jail here, and, having waived a preliminary examination, will appear before the grand jury to answer the serious charge of violating the United States postal laws by sending prohibited matter through the mails. The arrest was made by Deputy Marshal Cooper upon the complaint of Postoffice Inspector A. P. Smithers.

Knowles is well known here and for a while was employed in the Santa Fe shops as machinist, going out with the disaffected men when the strike was declared. Later he was one of the men tried and convicted of interfering with non-union men, from which the strikers had been enjoined by the District Court. The letters in question are said to have been written to strike breakers and were of an abusive nature.

Knowles was interested in the management of the Labor Advocate, the local labor union organ, at one time. The grand jury does not meet for some time. Meanwhile Knowles will be compelled to remain in jail in default of bail, which he has not obtained.

Prepare for the Year 1905.

There will be no municipal elections in this territory next month, except in Silver City, which has a special city charter. While the city governments now in force in the larger cities and towns of the territory are not conducted as they should be, still the people will worry along with them until April, 1905. That year will be a strenuous political one in the history of this territory; there will be city elections; members of the constitutional convention will have to be elected and a constitutional convention will be held; conventions and nominations for all kinds of tickets will be called, and in November of that year will in all human probability not only take place territorial elections, but also an election for officials and Legislature of the new state, joint or single. Therefore, it will be well for citizens generally and for political leaders particularly, to take a good long rest during the present year and during the coming winter to gird up their loins for the fray in the year of our Lord 1905.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

New Incorporations.

Incorporation papers were filed at Santa Fe March 28th by the Colorado Telephone Company of Colorado, capitalization, \$10,000,000. The New Mexico headquarters are at Albuquerque and the agent is J. E. Elder.

Incorporation papers were filed by the Rio Grande Development Company. The incorporators are: Gov. M. A. Otero of Santa Fe, Solomon Luna of Los Lunas and Judge Daniel L. McMillan of Socorro. The capitalization is \$300,000; headquarters, Albuquerque; directors, M. A. Otero, Solomon Luna, D. L. McMillan, W. S. Strickler, H. O. Burson, M. W. Flournoy and M. K. McMillan.

The Southwest Lead and Coal Company designated Eagle, Sierra county, as headquarters, and Jonathan L. Crawford its New Mexico agent. The Citizens' Bank of Aztec filed its certificate of stock paid up, amounting to \$20,000.

Gila River Forest Reserve.

The Gila River forest reserve in New Mexico, which was established by proclamation of President McKinley on March 2, 1893, was examined in the summer of 1903 by Mr. Theodore F. Rixon of the United States Geological Survey. Mr. Rixon's report which the survey publishes as Professional Paper No. 33, is now available. Besides examining the lands Mr. Rixon made a rough survey of the area and prepared a reconnaissance map, which is used as an illustration in the report.

This reserve includes several prominent mountain ranges, the principal of which are the San Francisco, the Tularosa, the Mogollon and the Black. The southwest corner of the reserve is, generally speaking, a rolling country with many prominent buttes, and is without trees except a light growth of scrub timber in patches. The extreme southwestern portion in which Mount McCullen rises is a barren summit, is very rocky and abrupt. Here the country drops perpendicularly several hundred feet into a desert tributary to San Francisco river, which lies distant twenty miles or more to the west. The reserve as a whole is well watered, all the streams from the mountain ranges carrying a considerable flow for a long distance beyond the forest regions. It is traversed by fairly good roads and trails, which follow the valleys.

Agriculture is carried on extensively along San Francisco river and there are a few farming settlements along Gila river, but no large agricultural area exists anywhere within the confines of the reserve. By introducing reservoirs and irrigating ditches the amount of available agricultural land could be largely increased. The market for the products of this district is no distant, however, being in no instance less than ninety miles away, that a system of irrigation would hardly pay for itself.

Grazing, the most important of the industries of this region, requires careful attention and supervision to prevent the total destruction of the grass roots by overstocking. The mining industries in the reserve are confined to the Mogollon mountains and practically to the Coney mining district, although a few prospects are found on south fork of Whitewater creek. The advent of railroad facilities would undoubtedly bring the district to the front, but there is little prospect of that in the near future, as the territory is practically unproductive agriculturally and the only freight available would be the ore from Coney district.

Logging operations have been carried on in a desultory manner for some years in different parts of the reserve. Wherever the yellow pine has been logged clean, the young growth on the lower lands is inevitably yellow pine, which is growing very rapidly in places. The young growth throughout the alpine and mountainous regions is white fir, red fir, limber pine, spruce and balsam and the proportion of reproduction is in the order named. At the lower altitudes the second growth timber is very limited. However close their proximity to streams, the different species of cottonwood, walnut, ash, alder, box elder and sycamore reproduce themselves to a limited extent only, mostly in shady places along deep, rugged canyons. All of these varieties are indigenous to the soil and grow freely wherever there is sufficient moisture. The depth of humus is slight, the lowlands being entirely devoid of it. The litter and the underbrush among the alpine timber are very heavy. This reserve has suffered very little from fires.

If the totally barren area is not taken into consideration, the Gila river forest reserve is a well-timbered region. The total area examined is about 3,540 square miles. Of this, 2,593 square miles, or seventy-one and one-fourth per cent, are covered with merchantable timber of extra quality; twenty square miles have been burned; ninety square miles, or two and one-half per cent, have been logged; and 955 square miles, or twenty-six and one-fourth per cent, are naturally timberless. The timber of the reserve amounts to a total of 5,867,750 feet board measure, giving an average stand of 3,322 feet board measure per acre over the entire timbered belt. Yellow pine constitutes 57.75 per cent and red fir 28.37 per cent, of the merchantable species in the reserve.

Two Sentenced.

A Las Vegas dispatch of April 1st says: Sheriff Marion Littrell of Colfax county was here to-day with Luanna Ford, a negro woman, sentenced to serve twenty years for stabbing and killing Luis Gallegos, and R. J. Dawe, who killed George Williams, sentenced to serve twelve years. Both were sentenced by Chief Justice Mills. Littrell also had with him Clarence Hamilton, who escaped from Santa Fe while serving a five-year sentence for cattle stealing, and was recaptured at Trinidad, Colorado.

Among several violators of the Sunday law sentenced by Judge Mills was a Seventh Day Adventist, who kept his blacksmith shop open Sunday and closed Saturday.

Mining Revival.

Col. A. W. Harris, a prominent mining man from the Kingston district, Sierra county, in an interview at Albuquerque, said that there was a great movement among eastern mining men to pick up and exploit the neglected mining properties of New Mexico, especially in the southern mining districts. These districts formerly were large producers of the precious metals. Miners were discouraged by the depreciation of silver and consequently the most promising mineral region of the territory was temporarily abandoned. Recently new interest has developed and the future is bright with promise.

Judge McMillan, in the case of the Keystone Copper Company vs. the Bromide Mining Company, for the possession of the famous Bromide mine in the Bromide district, Arriba county, has modified his recent injunction so as to permit the Bromide company to mine and take out ore, but forbidding its sale.

Pecos Forest Reserve.

Leon F. Kneipp, supervisor of the Pecos Forest Reserve, who returned yesterday from a week's inspection trip through the eastern part of the reserve in San Miguel and Mora counties, reports that the weather extremely bad the past week, with much snow and rain. The sufferers from the flood of last year are in distressing circumstances. These people will be very materially assisted, however, by their share of the appropriations of \$4,000 to San Miguel county and \$3,000 to Mora county, which go to them under the provisions of the Martin flood sufferers' relief law.

The people at present are in straightened circumstances, but the supervisor says that prospects are bright for a productive yield of crops, which the farmers are already planting. If no more bad weather strikes the Mora country, the farmers and merchants will recover from the bad effects of the past year. Mr. Kneipp reports that there are thousands of acres of good, tillable land in that section which would be very productive with proper care and water. The valleys are beautiful, and as there are a number of first-class dam sites, if a sufficient amount of money could be obtained with which to build dams, almost all of the tillable land could be put under cultivation. There are at present only two rangers on the reserve, but under the new law there will probably be an additional two or three, at least during the summer.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

Deaf and Dumb Asylum.

A Santa Fe dispatch of March 31st says: The new board of trustees of the New Mexico asylum for the deaf and dumb at Santa Fe met to-day and arrangements were made to open this institution, which has just completed a new building, costing \$30,000. If a superintendent can be found to take charge of it. The board organized by electing Maj. R. J. Pallen, president, and Francisco Delgado treasurer. Luis Moya was elected janitor.

Gov. M. A. Otero left Santa Fe for California, to spend a month recuperating from the hard work during the legislative session. He was accompanied by Mrs. Otero, his son, Miguel, and Nina Otero.

Ramon Quintana, a wealthy stock raiser and farmer of Pojoaque, northern Santa Fe county, died at Santa Fe March 31st at the home of his brother, Tomas Quintana. He was fifty-one years old and leaves a widow, three sons and four daughters.

A telegram has been received at Las Vegas from Judge Luther M. Goddard of Denver to the effect that the reputation of Edward Gray, charged with the murder of Chile DeFoster, was of the best; that he had never been in the penitentiary, and that for fifteen years he had lived as a peaceable and honest citizen in Leadville and Denver.

The Roswell Hardware Company has been incorporated by William A. Johnson, Thomas W. Thomas, Hugh R. Morrow and Leslie B. Tannehill of Roswell, the headquarters of the company. The capital stock is \$60,000. The directors are J. T. Murphy of Naples, Texas; J. W. Thomas, W. A. Johnson, H. R. Morrow and L. B. Tannehill of Roswell.

The Tularosa Mining and Milling Company, capitalized at \$100,000, was incorporated March 31st by W. Frank Drake and Hiram E. Forrester of Pueblo, Colorado; Frank P. Kern of Atlanta, Georgia, and George B. Bent of Tularosa, New Mexico, which latter place, in Otero county, is the principal place of business. The directors are Frank P. Kern, George B. Bent and Hiram E. Forrester.

The cattle on the ranges of Otero and Chavez counties are suffering from a sickness similar to that produced by the loco weed. "W. A. Coe, the well-known ranchman, who lives northwest of Alamogordo, reports that he has seen a number of animals so affected, and he thinks the sickness must be due to some weed which is as yet unidentified. There is no loco weed in that district, consequently it can not be attributed to that. If the malady proves to be serious or becomes epidemic, experts will be sent for to investigate the matter.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

Roswell parties are arranging to run an automobile passenger line from Roswell to Torrance, a distance of about seventy miles. The promoters of the scheme have purchased three heavy Winton motor cars, one of which will make the trip up while the other one is making the trip down, and the third one will be kept in the shops for emergencies. Connection will be made with the Santa Fe Central at Torrance, giving quick access to the Pecos country from central New Mexico. The fare will be \$10 and the trip will be made in about ten hours.

The Legislature at its recent session passed a bill which was approved by the governor, and which gives to the institutions, owning land which has been donated by the government, the right to use the proceeds of the sale and lease of such lands for maintenance and improvement purposes. The question was at once raised if the funds so secured could be used without any further authorization than that of the Legislature. This question has now been passed upon by the attorney general, whose opinion is that the consent of the Department of the Interior must first be obtained before the provisions of the law can be carried out.

Thousands of dollars damages was done to the tender fruits in the farming district in the Mesilla Valley, Wednesday morning, March 29th, by frost. It is impossible to compute the exact damage, but it is believed that fully one-third the crop of tender fruits was ruined, while some of the others were damaged slightly. The frost was not heavy enough to damage the alfalfa, although it wilted badly. It was not turned black, however, and will recover in three or four days. This frost was predicted in the weather report of Tuesday, but it was expected to be only a trace and not heavy enough to damage any of the fruit seriously. In spite of this, however, the produce will not be destroyed and there will be an excellent crop this year of pears, peaches, apples and small fruits.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

THE STRAIN OF WORK.

Best of Backs Give Out Under the Burden of Daily Toil.

Lieutenant George G. Warren, of No. 3 Chemical, Washington, D. C., says: "It's an honest fact that Doan's Kidney Pills did me a great lot of good, and if it were not true I would not recommend them. It was the strain of lifting that brought on kidney trouble and weakened my back, but since using Doan's Kidney Pills I have lifted 600 pounds and felt no bad effects. I have not felt the trouble come back since, although I had suffered for five or six years, and other remedies had not helped me at all."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y.



Christian Endeavor Society. The Young People's Society for Christian Endeavor was twenty-five years old in 1904, and its founder, the Rev. Dr. F. E. Clark, says that was one of its most prosperous years. It has thriven amazingly during its comparatively short career and now has 55,327 societies all told, with an aggregate membership of 3,019,600.

In Europe the number of societies doubled last year, and there are now about 500. The order has extended into China and Japan; in the latter country ten different denominations are united in the association, the Presbyterians leading. India has over 500 societies; there is one in Jerusalem; the Armenian Christians have taken it up; Persia reports forty associations; Syria, twenty; Korea about a dozen, and they are scattered here and there throughout Africa wherever missionary efforts have extended. It is firmly rooted in Australia and last year the junior rally in Melbourne called together 10,000 boys and girls with their fathers and mothers.

When Your Grocer Says he does not have Defiance Starch, you may be sure he is afraid to keep it until his stock of 12 oz. packages are sold. Defiance Starch is not only better than any other Cold Water Starch, but contains 18 oz. to the package and sells for same money as 12 oz. brands.

Maude—Oh, dear! I dread the thought of my thirtieth birthday. Clara—Why, I supposed you had forgotten it long ago.

Try me just once and I am sure to come again. Defiance Starch.

A lawyer may be happy though his life is full of trials.

When some men meet a creditor they either tear up the street or turn down an alley.

Try me just once and I am sure to come again. Defiance Starch.

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"Richest Spot in America."

So Senator Bailey of Texas pronounced Indian Territory in a speech in the United States Senate. In the course of some remarks in the United States Senate, February 4, 1905, Senator Joseph Bailey of Texas paid the following glowing tribute to Indian Territory:

"And when they are joined (Oklahoma and Indian Territory) there is not one among the older commonwealths richer by nature than this new state. My own opinion is that Indian Territory is the richest spot on earth under the American flag today for the size of it. It is one of the few places on this continent that possesses almost every kind of wealth—coal in great abundance and of excellent quality, iron, I believe the greatest granite bed of earth, oil, asphalt and all kinds of mineral wealth, produced in any other section. And over these riches treasures in the earth there is the most fertile of soils, producing more abundantly those great products which contribute to the comfort, the health and the pleasure of the human race than almost any other spot of equal size."

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitutes. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

"Of course it is unfortunate that your husband has left you, but he'll live to regret it." "I don't know," he took the book.

TEA You can see how much your confidence in us is worth. It is the making of us.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best.

Freddy—"Say, old chap, how do you manage to kiss a girl when the chaperon is right close by?" Teddy—"Why, by kissing the chaperon first."

On the Trail with a Fish Brand Fomel Slicker

When windy, a rain coat when it rains, and for a cover at night if we get to bed, and I will say that I have gotten more comfort out of your slicker than any other one article that I ever owned."

(The name and address of the writer of this advertisement may be had on application.)

Wet Weather Garments for Riding, Walking, Working, Sporting.

HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR, 1904.

A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, U.S.A.

TOWER CANADIAN CO., Limited TORONTO, CANADA

NEW PENSION LAWS SENT FREE Apply to NATHAN RICKFORD, 914 F St., Washington, D. C.

W. N. U.—DENVER—NO. 14—1905.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

BAD STOMACH

Attended with tainted, offensive, or foul breath, bitter taste, especially in the morning, furred tongue, sick or bilious headaches, poor or irregular appetite, sour stomach, "water-brush," constipation with strong tendency to "the blues," or depression, are all relieved and radically cured by the faithful use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. No man can be stronger than his stomach; when it gets out of order he becomes listless, dyspeptic, hypochondriacal, peevish and "out of sorts"; he feels languid, tired and "all fagged out."

Nothing will more speedily or permanently invigorate and tone into action liver and bowels than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is compounded from the active medicinal principles extracted from native medicinal plants, without the use of alcohol, and a drop of which enters into its composition. The benefit felt from its use is not, therefore, due to alcoholic exhilaration, and consequently of short duration, but is enduring and permanent.

The great majority of diseases have their inception in a bad stomach, indigestion, biliousness and impure blood. Among these diseases are deadly consumption, nerve-racking, brain-racking nervous prostration and exhaustion, body-torturing rheumatism, insanably breeding neuralgia, emaciating malaria and all manner of disgusting blood and skin diseases. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a cure for all these diseases, if taken in anything like reasonable time. It is not a cure-all, but cures the diseases mentioned for the reason that they are caused and aggravated by the same disorders. It makes the appetite keen, the digestion perfect, the liver active, the blood pure and builds firm flesh and healthy nerve fiber. Don't be wheedled by a penny-grabbing dealer into taking something else said to be "just as good," only that he may make a greater profit. There's nothing "just as good" as "Golden Medical Discovery," with its record of cures extending over a third of a century.

A Great Sufferer Cured. Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dear Sir—My health is better now than it has been before for many years, and I owe to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery a debt

of gratitude. I was, for several years, troubled with severe stomach trouble, sick headache and nervousness. Could not eat anything without experiencing the most agonizing pain. Had little appetite and was frequently nauseated. My sick headaches were most violent and I could not rest night or day. I became emaciated and thoroughly dependent, and no medicine that I could take seemed to help me at all. It was my father who suggested that I try your medicine and I am grateful to say that I had been taking "Golden Medical Discovery" less than five months when I was entirely cured, and can now eat anything without distress.

MISS ROSE STANLEY, North Arlington, New Jersey.

—Astor Avenue.

Cures When Everything Else Fails. Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dear Sir—I am happy to say that I have found Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to be a most efficacious remedy for stomach trouble. For many years I could scarcely eat anything without being dreadfully distressed at once, and was apt to vomit the food. I used various medicines without good effect. Later I bought a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and it proved so satisfactory that I bought several more bottles of the medicine and used it until I was entirely well. That was about four months ago. You may count on me for a staunch friend to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, your sanitarium, which I know to be one of the best in the country.

308 Riley Street, ASA M. WILLIAMS, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's 1000-page Illustrated Book, "The Common Sense Medical Adviser," is sent free in paper covers, on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing only. For 11 stamps the cloth-bound volume will be sent. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

When the "Golden Medical Discovery" is not quite laxative enough, as in obstinate constipation, the little, pleasant, sugar-coated "Pillula" should be taken to aid the "Discovery." One or two for a laxative, two to four for a cathartic. They alone have been known to cure many bad cases of stomach trouble, dyspepsia and indigestion. They act on the liver and regulate the bowels. Put up in glass vials, corked, therefore, always fresh and